

FLORISTIC SURVEY AND RARE SPECIES ASSESSMENT OF FIVE PROPERTIES IN THE FLORIDA KEYS WILDLIFE & ENVIRONMENTAL AREA

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Report submitted to the Florida Fish and Wildlife
Conservation Commission, Marathon, Florida

June 13, 2001

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Introduction:

The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (“Commission”) has acquired over 21 properties from Key Largo to Sugarloaf Key in Monroe County, Florida. The Commission possessed very little floristic data on any of these properties, including floristic inventories, lists of rare plant species, status of rare plants and lists of exotic species. The Institute for Regional Conservation (“IRC”) was contracted to provide these data to the Commission for each of these properties. Data for 16 of these properties was submitted to the Commission in 2000 (Bradley et al.). This report includes data from five additional properties acquired since the previous surveys were conducted.

Study Design:

Survey five selected Commission owned properties producing plant species lists for individual parcels and collect occurrence data for Federal, State, and Florida Natural Areas Inventory (FNAI) listed rare species. Field biologists will walk transects across each property in order to fully cover all available habitat types on each property.

- a) Make a list of all plant species found at each property.
- b) Estimate population sizes on a \log_{10} scale of all plant species that are federally listed, state listed, Florida Natural Areas Inventory tracked, and Institute for Regional Conservation ranked as imperiled or critically imperiled in southern Florida.
- c) Collect GPS coordinates for occurrences of rare plant species when they occupy small, discrete areas on each site.

Results:

Five properties were surveyed during this study. A total of 188 native and naturalized plant species were recorded. Of these, 165 (88%) are considered native to the Florida Keys and 23 (12%) are considered exotic. The number of plant species on each property ranged from 62 to 102 species, with an average of 79. The number of native plant species ranged from 53 to 92 species with an average of 72. The number of exotic plant species ranged from 1 to 11 with an average of seven.

One plant species listed as threatened by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service was found, Garber's spurge (*Chamaesyce garberi*). It was found at Big Torch Key parcels 884 & 884. Thirty-one plant species listed by the State of Florida as Threatened or Endangered were recorded. Twelve plant species listed by the Florida Natural Areas Inventory (FNAI) as Critically Imperiled (S1) or Imperiled (S2) in Florida were recorded. Eight species considered Critically Imperiled (SF1) or Imperiled (SF2) in South Florida by The Institute for Regional Conservation were recorded. A total of thirty-two rare plant species were recorded (Table 13), 19% of the total number of native plant species. One plant species being considered for listing by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Bradley & Gann 2000) was found, sand flax (*Linum arenicola*). It was found at Big Torch Key parcels 884 & 885.

Plant inventories for each of the five properties are provided in Tables 1 – 5. Lists of rare plant species on each property are provided in Tables 6 – 10. Population size estimates are noted.

GPS coordinates of rare plant occurrences have not been included in this report. They have been provided to the Commission electronically and are also maintained by IRC.

Citations:

Bradley, K.A. & G.D. Gann. 1999. Status summaries of 12 rockland plant taxa in southern Florida. Unpublished report submitted to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Vero Beach, Florida.

Bradley, K.A., S.W. Woodmansee, & G.D. Gann. 2000. Floristic summary and rare species assessment of the properties in the Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area. Report submitted to the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Marathon, Florida.

Table 1:
The Vascular Plants of
Big Torch Key Parcels 884 & 885, Florida Keys Wildlife &
Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
The Institute for Regional Conservation
Miami, Florida
On June 7, 2001

Dicots

Amaranthaceae

Blutaparon vermiculare Samphire, Silverhead

Anacardiaceae

Metopium toxiferum Poisonwood, Florida poisontree
E *Schinus terebinthifolius* Brazilian-pepper

Apocynaceae

Pentalinon luteum Wild-allamanda, Hammock viperstail

Asclepiadaceae

Cynanchum angustifolium Vine milkweed, Gulf Coast swallowwort

Asteraceae

Aster bracei Brace's aster
Bidens alba var. *radiata* Spanish-needles
Borrichia arborescens Green sea-oxeye-daisy, Tree seaside oxeye
Borrichia frutescens Silver sea-oxeye-daisy, Bushy seaside oxeye
Flaveria linearis Narrowleaf yellowtops
Pectis glaucescens Tea-blinkum, Sanddune cinchweed
Pluchea carolinensis Cure-for-all
Rayjacksonia phyllocephala Camphor daisy

Avicenniaceae

Avicennia germinans Black mangrove

Batraceae

Batis maritima Saltwort, Turtleweed

Buddlejaceae

Polypremum procumbens Rustweed, Juniperleaf

Burseraceae

Bursera simaruba Gumbo-limbo

<u>Casuarinaceae</u>		
E <i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>	Australian-pine, Horsetail casuarina	
<u>Celastraceae</u>		
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>	Rhacoma, Maidenberry	
<u>Chenopodiaceae</u>		
<i>Salicornia bigelovii</i>	Annual glasswort	
<i>Salicornia perennis</i>	Perennial glasswort	
<u>Combretaceae</u>		
<i>Conocarpus erectus</i>	Buttonwood	
<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>	White mangrove	
<u>Euphorbiaceae</u>		
<i>Chamaesyce blodgettii</i>	Limestone sandmat	
<i>Chamaesyce garberi</i>	Garber's sandmat	
<i>Chamaesyce mesembrianthemifolia</i>	Seaside spurge, Coastal beach sandmat	
<i>Drypetes diversifolia</i>	Milkbark, Whitewood	
<u>Fabaceae</u>		
<i>Acacia pinetorum</i>	Pineland acacia	
<i>Piscidia piscipula</i>	Jamaica-dogwood, Florida fishpoison tree	
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	Florida Keys blackbead	
<i>Sophora tomentosa</i> var. <i>truncata</i>	Yellow necklacepod	
<u>Gentianaceae</u>		
<i>Eustoma exaltatum</i>	Seaside gentian, Marshgentian	
<u>Linaceae</u>		
<i>Linum arenicola</i>	Sand flax	
<u>Malpighiaceae</u>		
<i>Byrsonima lucida</i>	Locustberry	
<u>Malvaceae</u>		
<i>Sida ciliaris</i>	Bracted fanpetals, Fringed fanpetals	
<u>Moraceae</u>		
<i>Ficus aurea</i>	Strangler fig, Golden fig	
<i>Ficus citrifolia</i>	Short-leaf fig, Wild banyan tree	
<u>Myrsinaceae</u>		
<i>Ardisia escallonioides</i>	Marlberry	
<i>Rapanea punctata</i>	Myrsine, Colicwood	
<u>Myrtaceae</u>		
<i>Calyptrothamnus pallens</i>	Spicewood, Pale lidflower	
<i>Eugenia axillaris</i>	White stopper	
<i>Eugenia foetida</i>	Spanish stopper, Boxleaf stopper	
<i>Psidium longipes</i>	Longstalked-stopper	
<u>Nyctaginaceae</u>		
<i>Guapira discolor</i>	Blolly, Beeftree	
<u>Olacaceae</u>		

<i>Ximenia americana</i>	Hog-plum, Tallowwood
<u>Polygalaceae</u>	
<i>Polygala grandiflora</i>	Candyweed, Showy milkwort
<u>Polygonaceae</u>	
<i>Coccoloba diversifolia</i>	Pigeonplum, Tietongue
<i>Coccoloba uvifera</i>	Seagrape
<u>Rhamnaceae</u>	
<i>Krugiodendron ferreum</i>	Black ironwood, Leadwood
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	Darlingplum
<u>Rhizophoraceae</u>	
<i>Rhizophora mangle</i>	Red mangrove
<u>Rubiaceae</u>	
<i>Chiococca parvifolia</i>	Pineland snowberry
<i>Erithalis fruticosa</i>	Blacktorch
<i>Ernodea littoralis</i>	Beach-creeper, Coughbush
<i>Morinda royoc</i>	Yellowroot, Redgal, Mouse's pineapple
<i>Randia aculeata</i>	White indigoberry
E <i>Spermacoce verticillata</i>	Shrubby false buttonweed
<u>Rutaceae</u>	
<i>Amyris elemifera</i>	Common torchwood, Sea torchwood
<u>Sapotaceae</u>	
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>	Wild dilly
<i>Sideroxylon celastrinum</i>	Saffronplum
<u>Scrophulariaceae</u>	
<i>Agalinis fasciculata</i>	Beach false foxglove
<u>Solanaceae</u>	
<i>Lycium carolinianum</i>	Christmasberry, Carolina desertthorn
<i>Solanum verbascifolium</i>	Mullein nightshade
<u>Sterculiaceae</u>	
<i>Waltheria indica</i>	Sleepy morning
<u>Surianaceae</u>	
<i>Suriana maritima</i>	Baycedar
<u>Verbenaceae</u>	
<i>Phyla nodiflora</i>	Frog fruit, Turkey tangle fogfruit, Capeweed
<i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i>	Blue porterweed, Joee
Monocots	
<u>Agavaceae</u>	
E <i>Agave sisalana</i>	Sisal-hemp
<u>Arecaceae</u>	
<i>Coccothrinax argentata</i>	Florida silver palm
E <i>Phoenix reclinata</i>	Senegal date palm
<i>Serenoa repens</i>	Saw palmetto

<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>	Silver thatch palm, Brittle thatch palm
<i>Thrinax radiata</i>	Green thatch palm, Florida thatch palm
Bromeliaceae	
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>	Banded wild-pine, Twisted airplant
<i>Tillandsia paucifolia</i>	Twisted wild-pine, Potbelly airplant
<i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>	Giant wild-pine, Giant airplant
Cyperaceae	
<i>Abildgaardia ovata</i>	Flatspike sedge
<i>Cladium jamaicense</i>	Saw-grass, Jamaica swamp sawgrass
E <i>Fimbristylis cymosa</i>	Hurricane sedge, Hurricanegrass
<i>Fimbristylis spadicea</i>	Marsh fimbry
<i>Rhynchospora floridensis</i>	Florida whitetop
Orchidaceae	
<i>Encyclia tampensis</i>	Florida butterfly orchid
E <i>Oeceoclades maculata</i>	African ground orchid, Monk orchid
Poaceae	
<i>Andropogon glomeratus</i> var. <i>pumilus</i>	Common bushy bluestem
<i>Aristida purpurascens</i> var. <i>tenuispica</i>	Hillsborough threeawn
E <i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	Crow's-foot grass, Durban crowfootgrass
<i>Eragrostis elliottii</i>	Elliott's love grass
<i>Eustachys petraea</i>	Common fingergrass, Pinewoods fingergrass
<i>Monanthochloe littoralis</i>	Shoregrass, Keygrass
<i>Panicum virgatum</i>	Switchgrass
<i>Paspalum caespitosum</i>	Blue paspalum, Blue crowngrass
<i>Schizachyrium gracile</i>	Wire bluestem
<i>Schizachyrium sanguineum</i>	Crimson bluestem
<i>Spartina spartinae</i>	Gulf cordgrass
<i>Sporobolus domingensis</i>	Coral dropseed
<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i>	Seashore dropseed

Pteridophytes

Nephrolepidaceae	
E <i>Nephrolepis multiflora</i>	Asian sword fern
Polypodiaceae	
<i>Phlebodium aureum</i>	Golden polypody

E = Not Native to the site

Table 2:
The Vascular Plants of
Key Largo Ansama Parcel, Florida Keys
Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
The Institute for Regional Conservation
Miami, Florida
On May 31, 2001

Dicots

Anacardiaceae

Metopium toxiferum Poisonwood, Florida poisontree
E *Schinus terebinthifolius* Brazilian-pepper

Apocynaceae

E *Catharanthus roseus* Madagascar-periwinkle
Echites umbellata, Devil's-potato, Rubbervine

Boraginaceae

Heliotropium angiospermum Scorpionstail
Tournefortia volubilis Twining soldierbush

Burseraceae

Bursera simaruba Gumbo-limbo

Canellaceae

Canella winterana Cinnamon bark, Pepper cinnamon

Capparaceae

Capparis flexuosa Limber caper, Bayleaf capertree

Convolvulaceae

Ipomoea indica var. *acuminata* Ocean-blue morningglory
E *Merremia dissecta* Baby woodrose, Noyauvine

Euphorbiaceae

Chamaesyce hypericifolia Eyebane, Graceful sandmat
Chamaesyce ophthalmica Florida hammock sandmat
Gymnanthes lucida Crabwood, Oysterwood
Poinsettia cyathophora Paintedleaf, Fire-on-the-mountain

Fabaceae

Desmanthus virgatus Wild tantan

	<i>Galactia striata</i>	Florida Hammock milkpea
	<i>Galactia volubilis</i>	Downy milkpea
E	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	White leadtree
	<i>Lysiloma latisiliquum</i>	Wild-tamarind, False tamarind
	<i>Piscidia piscipula</i>	Jamaica-dogwood, Florida fishpoison tree
	<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	Florida Keys blackbead
	<i>Pithecellobium unguis-cati</i>	Cat's-claw, Catclaw blackbead
	<i>Rhynchosia swartzii</i>	Swartz's snoutbean
	<i>Stylosanthes hamata</i>	Pencilflower, Cheesytoes
Malvaceae		
	<i>Herissantia crispa</i>	Bladdermallow
Meliaceae		
	<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>	West Indian mahogany
Moraceae		
	<i>Ficus aurea</i>	Strangler fig, Golden fig
	<i>Ficus citrifolia</i>	Short-leaf fig, Wild banyan tree
Myrsinaceae		
	<i>Ardisia escallonioides</i>	Marlberry
Myrtaceae		
	<i>Eugenia axillaris</i>	White stopper
	<i>Eugenia foetida</i>	Spanish stopper, Boxleaf stopper
Nyctaginaceae		
	<i>Guapira discolor</i>	Blolly, Beeftree
	<i>Pisonia aculeata</i>	Devil's claws, Pullback
Passifloraceae		
	<i>Passiflora multiflora</i>	Whiteflower passionflower
	<i>Passiflora suberosa</i>	Corkystem passionflower
Polygonaceae		
	<i>Coccoloba diversifolia</i>	Pigeonplum, Tietongue
Rhamnaceae		
	<i>Gouania lupuloides</i>	Chewstick, Whiteroot
Rubiaceae		
	<i>Chiococca alba</i>	Common snowberry, Milkberry
	<i>Guettarda elliptica</i>	Everglades velvetseed, Hammock velvetseed
	<i>Guettarda scabra</i>	Rough velvetseed
	<i>Hamelia patens</i>	Firebush
	<i>Morinda royoc</i>	Yellowroot, Redgal, Mouse's pineapple
	<i>Psychotria nervosa</i>	Shiny-leaved wild-coffee
Rutaceae		
	<i>Zanthoxylum fagara</i>	Wild-lime, Lime prickly-ash
Sapindaceae		
	<i>Cardiospermum corindum</i>	Balloongvine, Heartseed
	<i>Exothea paniculata</i>	Inkwood, Butterbough
Sapotaceae		

	<i>Chrysophyllum oliviforme</i>	Satinleaf
E	<i>Manilkara zapota</i>	Sapodilla
	<i>Sideroxylon salicifolium</i>	Willow-bustic, White bully
<u>Sterculiaceae</u>		
	<i>Waltheria indica</i>	Sleepy morning
<u>Tiliaceae</u>		
	<i>Corchorus siliquosus</i>	Slippery burr
<u>Ulmaceae</u>		
	<i>Trema micranthum</i>	Florida trema, Nettletree
<u>Verbenaceae</u>		
	<i>Lantana involucrata</i>	Wild-sage, Buttonsage
<u>Vitaceae</u>		
	<i>Vitis rotundifolia</i>	Muscadine

Monocots

<u>Agavaceae</u>		
E	<i>Sansevieria hyacinthoides</i>	Bowstring-hemp, Mother-in-laws tongue
<u>Orchidaceae</u>		
E	<i>Oeceoclades maculata</i>	African ground orchid, Monk orchid
<u>Poaceae</u>		
	<i>Lasiacis divaricata</i>	Smallcane, Florida tibisee
E	<i>Panicum maximum</i>	Guineagrass
	<i>Paspalum caespitosum</i>	Blue paspalum, Blue crowngrass
	<i>Paspalum setaceum</i>	Thin paspalum
E	<i>Rhynchospora repens</i>	Rose Natalgrass
E	<i>Sporobolus indicus</i> var. <i>pyramidalis</i>	West Indian dropseed
E	<i>Stenotaphrum secundatum</i>	St. Augustine grass

E = Not Native to the site

Table 3:
The Vascular Plants of
Key Largo Brown Parcel, Florida Keys
Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
The Institute for Regional Conservation
Miami, Florida
On May 31, 2001

Dicots

<u>Aizoaceae</u>		
	<i>Sesuvium portulacastrum</i>	Perennial sea-purslane, Shoreline seapurslane
<u>Amaranthaceae</u>		
	<i>Alternanthera flavescens</i>	Yellow joyweed
	<i>Blutaparon vermiculare</i>	Samphire, Silverhead
<u>Anacardiaceae</u>		
	<i>Metopium toxiferum</i>	Poisonwood, Florida poisontree
E	<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	Brazilian-pepper
<u>Apocynaceae</u>		
	<i>Echites umbellata</i>	Devil's-potato, Rubbervine
<u>Asclepiadaceae</u>		
	<i>Cynanchum angustifolium</i>	Vine milkweed, Gulf Coast swallowwort
	<i>Cynanchum northropiae</i>	Vine milkweed, Fragrant swallowwort
<u>Asteraceae</u>		
	<i>Bidens alba</i> var. <i>radiata</i>	Spanish-needles
	<i>Borrichia arborescens</i>	Green sea-oxeye-daisy, Tree seaside oxeye
	<i>Borrichia frutescens</i>	Silver sea-oxeye-daisy, Bushy seaside oxeye
<u>Avicenniaceae</u>		
	<i>Avicennia germinans</i>	Black mangrove
<u>Bataceae</u>		
	<i>Batis maritima</i>	Saltwort, Turtleweed
<u>Boraginaceae</u>		
	<i>Bourreria succulenta</i>	Smooth strongback, Bahama strongbark
	<i>Heliotropium curassavicum</i>	Seaside heliotrope, Salt heliotrope
	<i>Tournefortia volubilis</i>	Twining soldierbush
<u>Burseraceae</u>		

Bursera simaruba

Gumbo-limbo

<u>Cactaceae</u>		
<i>Acanthocereus tetragonus</i>	Barbwire cactus, Dildoe cactus	
<i>Harrisia simpsonii</i>	Simpson's pricklyapples	
<i>Opuntia stricta</i>	Erect pricklypear	
<u>Canellaceae</u>		
<i>Canella winterana</i>	Cinnamon bark, Pepper cinnamon	
<u>Capparaceae</u>		
<i>Capparis cynophallophora</i>	Jamaica caper-tree	
<i>Capparis flexuosa</i>	Limber caper, Bayleaf capertree	
<u>Caricaceae</u>		
E <i>Carica papaya</i>	Papaya	
<u>Casuarinaceae</u>		
E <i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>	Australian-pine, Horsetail casuarina	
<u>Celastraceae</u>		
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>	Rhacoma, Maidenberry	
<i>Maytenus phyllanthoides</i>	Florida mayten	
<u>Chenopodiaceae</u>		
<i>Atriplex pentandra</i>	Beach orach, Crested saltbush	
<i>Salicornia bigelovii</i>	Annual glasswort	
<i>Salicornia perennis</i>	Perennial glasswort	
<i>Suaeda linearis</i>	Sea-blite, Annual seepweed	
<u>Combretaceae</u>		
<i>Conocarpus erectus</i>	Buttonwood	
<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>	White mangrove	
<u>Convolvulaceae</u>		
<i>Ipomoea indica</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	Ocean-blue morningglory	
<u>Euphorbiaceae</u>		
<i>Chamaesyce blodgettii</i>	Limestone sandmat	
<i>Chamaesyce hirta</i>	Hairy spurge, Pillpod sandmat	
<i>Chamaesyce hypericifolia</i>	Eyebane, Graceful sandmat	
<i>Gymnanthes lucida</i>	Crabwood, Oysterwood	
<i>Poinsettia cyathophora</i>	Paintedleaf, Fire-on-the-mountain	
<u>Fabaceae</u>		
<i>Galactia striata</i>	Florida Hammock milkpea	
E <i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	White leadtree	
<i>Lysiloma latisiliquum</i>	Wild-tamarind, False tamarind	
<i>Piscidia piscipula</i>	Jamaica-dogwood, Florida fishpoison tree	
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	Florida Keys blackbead	
<i>Pithecellobium unguis-cati</i>	Cat's-claw, Catclaw blackbead	
<i>Rhynchosia minima</i>	Least snoutbean	
<i>Sophora tomentosa</i> var. <i>truncata</i>	Yellow necklacepod	
<u>Malvaceae</u>		
<i>Herissantia crispa</i>	Bladdermallow	
<i>Sida acuta</i>	Common wireweed, Common fanpetals	

E	<i>Thespesia populnea</i>	Portia tree
<u>Meliaceae</u>		
	<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>	West Indian mahogany
<u>Moraceae</u>		
	<i>Ficus citrifolia</i>	Short-leaf fig, Wild banyan tree
<u>Myrsinaceae</u>		
	<i>Ardisia escallonioides</i>	Marlberry
<u>Myrtaceae</u>		
	<i>Eugenia axillaris</i>	White stopper
	<i>Eugenia foetida</i>	Spanish stopper, Boxleaf stopper
<u>Nyctaginaceae</u>		
	<i>Guapira discolor</i>	Blolly, Beeftree
	<i>Pisonia aculeata</i>	Devil's claws, Pullback
<u>Olacaceae</u>		
	<i>Ximenia americana</i>	Hog-plum, Tallowwood
<u>Passifloraceae</u>		
	<i>Passiflora multiflora</i>	Whiteflower passionflower
	<i>Passiflora suberosa</i>	Corkystem passionflower
<u>Plumbaginaceae</u>		
	<i>Limonium carolinianum</i>	Saltmarsh-rosemary, Carolina sealavender
<u>Polygalaceae</u>		
	<i>Polygala grandiflora</i>	Candyweed, Showy milkwort
<u>Polygonaceae</u>		
	<i>Coccoloba diversifolia</i>	Pigeonplum, Tietongue
	<i>Coccoloba uvifera</i>	Seagrape
<u>Portulacaceae</u>		
	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	Purslane, Little hogweed
	<i>Portulaca rubricaulis</i>	Stalked purslane, Redstem purslane
<u>Rhamnaceae</u>		
	<i>Krugiodendron ferreum</i>	Black ironwood, Leadwood
	<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	Darlingplum
<u>Rubiaceae</u>		
	<i>Chiococca alba</i>	Common snowberry, Milkberry
	<i>Chiococca parvifolia</i>	Pineland snowberry
	<i>Guettarda scabra</i>	Rough velvetseed
	<i>Morinda royoc</i>	Yellowroot, Redgal, Mouse's pineapple
	<i>Psychotria nervosa</i>	Shiny-leaved wild-coffee
	<i>Randia aculeata</i>	White indigoberry
<u>Rutaceae</u>		
	<i>Amyris elemifera</i>	Common torchwood, Sea torchwood
	<i>Zanthoxylum fagara</i>	Wild-lime, Lime prickly-ash
<u>Sapindaceae</u>		

<i>Exothea paniculata</i>	Inkwood, Butterbough
Sapotaceae <i>Sideroxylon celastrinum</i>	Saffronplum
Solanaceae <i>Lycium carolinianum</i> <i>Solanum americanum</i> <i>Solanum erianthum</i>	Christmasberry, Carolina desertthorn Common nightshade, American black nightshade Potatotree
Verbenaceae <i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i>	Blue porterweed, Joee
Vitaceae <i>Vitis rotundifolia</i>	Muscadine
Monocots	
Bromeliaceae <i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i> <i>Tillandsia paucifolia</i> <i>Tillandsia recurvata</i> <i>Tillandsia usneoides</i> <i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>	Banded wild-pine, Twisted airplant Twisted wild-pine, Potbelly airplant Ball-moss Spanish-moss Giant wild-pine, Giant airplant
Cyperaceae E <i>Fimbristylis cymosa</i> <i>Fimbristylis spadicea</i>	Hurricane sedge, Huricanegrass Marsh fimbry
Poaceae C <i>Cenchrus incertus</i> E <i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i> E <i>Eleusine indica</i> E <i>Panicum maximum</i> P <i>Paspalum caespitosum</i> E <i>Rhynchospora repens</i> <i>Setaria parviflora</i> <i>Spartina patens</i> <i>Spartina spartinae</i> <i>Sporobolus dominicensis</i> <i>Sporobolus virginicus</i> <i>Urochloa subquadripara</i>	Coastal sandbur Crow's-foot grass, Durban crowfootgrass Indian goose grass Guineagrass Blue paspalum, Blue crowngrass Rose Natalgrass Knotroot foxtail, Yellow bristlegrass Marshhay cordgrass, Saltmeadow cordgrass Gulf cordgrass Coral dropseed Seashore dropseed Signal grass, Tropical signalgrass

E = Not Native to the site

Table 4:
The Vascular Plants of
Little Knockemdown Key Franklin & Zuchero Parcels, Florida
Keys
Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
The Institute for Regional Conservation
Miami, Florida
On June 8, 2001

Dicots

Anacardiaceae

Metopium toxiferum Poisonwood, Florida poisontree
Toxicodendron radicans Eastern poison-ivy

Apocynaceae

Pentalinon luteum Wild-allamanda, Hammock viperstail

Asteraceae

Borrachia arborescens Green sea-oxeye-daisy, Tree seaside oxeye
Borrachia frutescens Silver sea-oxeye-daisy, Bushy seaside oxeye

Avicenniaceae

Avicennia germinans Black mangrove

Batraceae

Batis maritima Saltwort, Turtleweed

Boraginaceae

Bourreria succulenta Smooth strongback, Bahama strongbark

Burseraceae

Bursera simaruba Gumbo-limbo

Canellaceae

Canella winterana Cinnamon bark, Pepper cinnamon

Capparaceae

Capparis flexuosa Limber caper, Bayleaf capertree

Celastraceae

Crossopetalum rhacoma Rhacoma, Maidenberry
Gyminda latifolia West Indian false boxwood

Chenopodiaceae

<i>Salicornia perennis</i>	Perennial glasswort
Combretaceae	
<i>Conocarpus erectus</i>	Buttonwood
<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>	White mangrove
Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Chamaesyce portoriana</i>	Porter's sandmat
<i>Savia bahamensis</i>	Maidenbush, Bahama maidenbush
Fabaceae	
<i>Piscidia piscipula</i>	Jamaica-dogwood, Florida fishpoison tree
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	Florida Keys blackbead
<i>Sophora tomentosa</i> var. <i>truncata</i>	Yellow necklacepod
Gentianaceae	
<i>Sabatia stellaris</i>	Rose-of-Plymouth
Malpighiaceae	
<i>Byrsinima lucida</i>	Locustberry
Moraceae	
<i>Ficus citrifolia</i>	Short-leaf fig, Wild banyan tree
Myricaceae	
<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	Wax myrtle, Southern Bayberry
Myrsinaceae	
<i>Ardisia escallonioides</i>	Marlberry
<i>Rapanea punctata</i>	Myrsine, Colicwood
Myrtaceae	
<i>Calyptrotheces pallens</i>	Spicewood, Pale lidflower
<i>Eugenia axillaris</i>	White stopper
<i>Eugenia foetida</i>	Spanish stopper, Boxleaf stopper
<i>Psidium longipes</i>	Longstalked-stopper
Nyctaginaceae	
<i>Guapira discolor</i>	Blolly, Beeftree
Olacaceae	
<i>Ximenia americana</i>	Hog-plum, Tallowwood
Plumbaginaceae	
<i>Limonium carolinianum</i>	Saltmarsh-rosemary, Carolina sealavender
Polygonaceae	
<i>Coccoloba diversifolia</i>	Pigeonplum, Tietongue
<i>Coccoloba uvifera</i>	Seagrape
Rhamnaceae	
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	Darlingplum
Rhizophoraceae	
<i>Rhizophora mangle</i>	Red mangrove
Rubiaceae	
<i>Chiococca parvifolia</i>	Pineland snowberry

<i>Erithalis fruticosa</i>	Blacktorch
<i>Ernodea littoralis</i>	Beach-creeper, Coughbush
<i>Guettarda scabra</i>	Rough velvetseed
<i>Morinda royoc</i>	Yellowroot, Redgal, Mouse's pineapple
<i>Randia aculeata</i>	White indigoberry
Rutaceae	
<i>Amyris elemifera</i>	Common torchwood, Sea torchwood
Sapindaceae	
<i>Exothea paniculata</i>	Inkwood, Butterbough
Sapotaceae	
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>	Wild dilly
E <i>Manilkara zapota</i>	Sapodilla
<i>Sideroxylon celastrinum</i>	Saffronplum
Simaroubaceae	
<i>Simarouba glauca</i>	Paradisetree
Solanaceae	
<i>Lycium carolinianum</i>	Christmasberry, Carolina desertthorn
Surianaceae	
<i>Suriana maritima</i>	Baycedar
Theophrastaceae	
<i>Jacquinia keyensis</i>	Joewood

Monocots

Arecaceae	
<i>Sabal palmetto</i>	Cabbage palm
<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>	Silver thatch palm, Brittle thatch palm
<i>Thrinax radiata</i>	Green thatch palm, Florida thatch palm
Bromeliaceae	
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>	Banded wild-pine, Twisted airplant
<i>Tillandsia paucifolia</i>	Twisted wild-pine, Potbelly airplant
<i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>	Giant wild-pine, Giant airplant
Cyperaceae	
<i>Abildgaardia ovata</i>	Flatspike sedge
<i>Cladium jamaicense</i>	Saw-grass, Jamaica swamp sawgrass
<i>Fimbristylis spadicea</i>	Marsh fimbry
<i>Rhynchospora floridensis</i>	Florida whitetop
Poaceae	
<i>Andropogon glomeratus</i> var. <i>pumilus</i>	Common bushy bluestem
<i>Monanthochloe littoralis</i>	Shoregrass, Keygrass
<i>Paspalum caespitosum</i>	Blue paspalum, Blue crowngrass
<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i>	Seashore dropseed
Typhaceae	
<i>Typha domingensis</i>	Southern cat-tail

Pteridophytes

Dennstaedtiaceae

Pteridium aquilinum var. *caudatum*

Lacy braken fern

E = Not Native to the site

Table 5:
The Vascular Plants of
Little Knockemdown Key Parcels 1844, 1845 & 1867, Florida Keys
Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
The Institute for Regional Conservation
Miami, Florida
On June 7, 2001

Dicots

Anacardiaceae

Metopium toxiferum Poisonwood, Florida poisontree

Apocynaceae

Echites umbellata Devil's-potato, Rubbervine
Pentalinon luteum Wild-allamanda, Hammock viperstail

Asteraceae

Borrichia arborescens Green sea-oxeye-daisy, Tree seaside oxeye
Borrichia frutescens Silver sea-oxeye-daisy, Bushy seaside oxeye

Avicenniaceae

Avicennia germinans Black mangrove

Batraceae

Batis maritima Saltwort, Turtleweed

Boraginaceae

Bourreria succulenta Smooth strongback, Bahama strongbark

Burseraceae

Bursera simaruba Gumbo-limbo

Canellaceae

Canella winterana Cinnamon bark, Pepper cinnamon

Celastraceae

Crossopetalum rhacoma Rhacoma, Maidenberry

Chenopodiaceae

Salicornia bigelovii Annual glasswort
Salicornia perennis Perennial glasswort

Combretaceae

Conocarpus erectus Buttonwood

Laguncularia racemosa

White mangrove

<u>Euphorbiaceae</u>		
	<i>Drypetes diversifolia</i>	Milkbark, Whitewood
<u>Fabaceae</u>		
	<i>Piscidia piscipula</i>	Jamaica-dogwood, Florida fishpoison tree
	<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	Florida Keys blackbead
	<i>Sophora tomentosa</i> var. <i>truncata</i>	Yellow necklacepod
<u>Malpighiaceae</u>		
	<i>Byrsonima lucida</i>	Locustberry
<u>Moraceae</u>		
	<i>Ficus aurea</i>	Strangler fig, Golden fig
	<i>Ficus citrifolia</i>	Short-leaf fig, Wild banyan tree
<u>Myrsinaceae</u>		
	<i>Ardisia escallonioides</i>	Marlberry
	<i>Rapanea punctata</i>	Myrsine, Colicwood
<u>Myrtaceae</u>		
	<i>Calyptrotheces pallens</i>	Spicewood, Pale lidflower
	<i>Eugenia axillaris</i>	White stopper
	<i>Eugenia foetida</i>	Spanish stopper, Boxleaf stopper
	<i>Psidium longipes</i>	Longstalked-stopper
<u>Nyctaginaceae</u>		
	<i>Guapira discolor</i>	Blolly, Beeftree
<u>Olacaceae</u>		
	<i>Ximenia americana</i>	Hog-plum, Tallowwood
<u>Plumbaginaceae</u>		
	<i>Limonium carolinianum</i>	Saltmarsh-rosemary, Carolina sealavender
<u>Polygonaceae</u>		
	<i>Coccoloba diversifolia</i>	Pigeonplum, Tietongue
	<i>Coccoloba uvifera</i>	Seagrape
<u>Rhamnaceae</u>		
	<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	Darlingplum
<u>Rhizophoraceae</u>		
	<i>Rhizophora mangle</i>	Red mangrove
<u>Rubiaceae</u>		
	<i>Chiococca parvifolia</i>	Pineland snowberry
	<i>Erithalis fruticosa</i>	Blacktorch
	<i>Ernodea littoralis</i>	Beach-creeper, Coughbush
	<i>Genipa clusiifolia</i>	Sevenyear-apple, Sevenyear apple
	<i>Guettarda scabra</i>	Rough velvetseed
	<i>Morinda royoc</i>	Yellowroot, Redgal, Mouse's pineapple
	<i>Randia aculeata</i>	White indigoberry
<u>Rutaceae</u>		
	<i>Amyris elemifera</i>	Common torchwood, Sea torchwood

<u>Sapindaceae</u>		
<i>Exothea paniculata</i>		Inkwood, Butterbough
<u>Sapotaceae</u>		
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>		Wild dilly
<i>Sideroxylon celastrinum</i>		Saffronplum
<i>Sideroxylon salicifolium</i>		Willow-bustic, White bully
<u>Simaroubaceae</u>		
<i>Simarouba glauca</i>		Paradisetree
<u>Surianaceae</u>		
<i>Suriana maritima</i>		Baycedar
<u>Theophrastaceae</u>		
<i>Jacquinia keyensis</i>		Joewood
<u>Monocots</u>		
<u>Agavaceae</u>		
E <i>Agave sisalana</i>		Sisal-hemp
<u>Arecaceae</u>		
<i>Coccothrinax argentata</i>		Florida silver palm
E <i>Cocos nucifera</i>		Coconut palm
<i>Sabal palmetto</i>		Cabbage palm
<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>		Silver thatch palm, Brittle thatch palm
<u>Bromeliaceae</u>		
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>		Banded wild-pine, Twisted airplant
<i>Tillandsia paucifolia</i>		Twisted wild-pine, Potbelly airplant
<u>Cyperaceae</u>		
<i>Cladium jamaicense</i>		Saw-grass, Jamaica swamp sawgrass
<i>Fimbristylis spadicea</i>		Marsh fimbry
<u>Orchidaceae</u>		
E <i>Oeceoclades maculata</i>		African ground orchid, Monk orchid
<u>Poaceae</u>		
<i>Monanthochloe littoralis</i>		Shoregrass, Keygrass
<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i>		Seashore dropseed

E = Not Native to the site

Table 6:
The Rare Vascular Plants of
Big Torch Key Parcels 884 & 885,
Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
 The Institute for Regional Conservation
 Miami, Florida
 On June 6, 2001

Species	State Status	Federal Status	FNAI Status	IRC Status	Pop. Estimate
<i>Byrsinima lucida</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Calyptranthes pallens</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Chamaesyce garberi</i>	E	T	S1	SF2	2-10
<i>Coccothrinax argentata</i>	T				2-10
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Drypetes diversifolia</i>	E		S2	SF2	2-10
<i>Eriothalis fruticosa</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Linum arenicola</i>	E		S1S2	SF2	11-100
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Psidium longipes</i>	T		S2		1,001-10,000
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Rhynchospora floridensis</i>				S2	11-100
<i>Solanum verbascifolium</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>	E				101-1,000
<i>Thrinax radiata</i>	E			S2	11-100
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>	E				11-100

T = Threatened

E = Endangered

S1 = Critically Imperiled in Florida

S2 = Imperiled in Florida

SF1 = Critically Imperiled in South Florida

SF2 = Imperiled in South Florida

Table 7:
The Rare Vascular Plants of
Key Largo Ansama Parcel,
Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
 The Institute for Regional Conservation
 Miami, Florida
 On May 31, 2001

<u>Species</u>	<u>State Status</u>	<u>Federal Status</u>	<u>FNAI Status</u>	<u>IRC Status</u>	<u>Pop. Estimate</u>
<i>Canella winterana</i>	E		S2		2-10
<i>Chrysophyllum oliviforme</i>	T				2-10
<i>Passiflora multiflora</i>	E		S1	SF2	2-10
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Rhynchosia swartzii</i>	E			SF1	1
<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>	T				101-1,000

T = Threatened

E = Endangered

S1 = Critically Imperiled in Florida

S2 = Imperiled in Florida

SF1 = Critically Imperiled in South Florida

SF2 = Imperiled in South Florida

Table 8:
The Rare Vascular Plants of
Key Largo Brown Parcel,
Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
 The Institute for Regional Conservation
 Miami, Florida
 On May 31, 2001

Species	State Status	Federal Status	FNAI Status	IRC Status	Pop. Estimate
<i>Acanthocereus tetragonus</i>	T				2-10
<i>Bourreria succulenta</i>	E				2-10
<i>Canella winterana</i>	E		S2		2-10
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>	T				2-10
<i>Harrisia simpsonii</i>	E		S2	SF2	2-10
<i>Maytenus phyllanthoides</i>	T				2-10
<i>Opuntia stricta</i>	T				2-10
<i>Passiflora multiflora</i>	E		S1	SF2	1
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	T				1
<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>	E				101-1,000

T = Threatened

E = Endangered

S1 = Critically Imperiled in Florida

S2 = Imperiled in Florida

SF1 = Critically Imperiled in South Florida

SF2 = Imperiled in South Florida

Table 9:
The Rare Vascular Plants of
Little Knockemdown Key Franklin & Zuchero Parcels,
Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
 The Institute for Regional Conservation
 Miami, Florida
 On June 8, 2001

Species	State Status	Federal Status	FNAI Status	IRC Status	Pop. Estimate
<i>Bourreria succulenta</i>	E				2-10
<i>Byrsinima lucida</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Calyptranthes pallens</i>	T				11-100
<i>Canella winterana</i>	E		S2		2-10
<i>Chamaesyce portoriana</i>	E		S2		101-1,000
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Eriothalis fruticosa</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Gyminda latifolia</i>	E		S2	SF2	11-100
<i>Jacquinia keyensis</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Psidium longipes</i>	T		S2		2-10
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Rhynchospora floridensis</i>			S2		11-100
<i>Savia bahamensis</i>	E		S2	SF2	11-100
<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>	E				1,001-10,000
<i>Thrinax radiata</i>	E		S2		1
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>	E				2-10

T = Threatened

E = Endangered

S1 = Critically Imperiled in Florida

S2 = Imperiled in Florida

SF1 = Critically Imperiled in South Florida

SF2 = Imperiled in South Florida

Table 10:
The Rare Vascular Plants of
Little Knockemdown Key Parcels 1844, 1845 &1867,
Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area

Field Data Collected By:

Keith A. Bradley and Steven W. Woodmansee
 The Institute for Regional Conservation
 Miami, Florida
 On June 7, 2001

Species	State Status	Federal Status	FNAI Status	IRC Status	Pop. Estimate
<i>Bourreria succulenta</i>	E				11-100
<i>Byrsinima lucida</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Calyptranthes pallens</i>	T				11-100
<i>Canella winterana</i>	E		S2		2-10
<i>Coccothrinax argentata</i>	T				1
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Drypetes diversifolia</i>	E		S2	SF2	11-100
<i>Eriothalis fruticosa</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Jacquinia keyensis</i>	T				2-10
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>	T				101-1,000
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Psidium longipes</i>	T		S2		11-100
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	T				1,001-10,000
<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>	E				101-1,000
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>	T				101-1,000

T = Threatened

E = Endangered

S1 = Critically Imperiled in Florida

S2 = Imperiled in Florida

SF1 = Critically Imperiled in South Florida

SF2 = Imperiled in South Florida

Table 11:
**Floristic Summary of
 Five Properties in the**
FLORIDA KEYS WILDLIFE & ENVIRONMENTAL AREA

	Total Species ¹	Exotic	Native	Total Rare	Federal	State Listed	FNAI ²	IRC ³
<i>Big Torch Key parcels 884 & 885</i>	97	9	88	18	1	17	6	3
<i>Key Largo Ansama parcel</i>	64	11	53	6	0	6	2	2
<i>Key Largo Brown parcel</i>	102	10	92	13	0	13	3	2
<i>Little Knockemdown Key Franklin & Zuchero parcels</i>	69	1	68	19	0	18	7	2
<i>Little Knockemdown Key parcels 1844, 1845 & 1867</i>	62	3	59	15	0	15	3	1

¹ Native species and naturalized exotics.

² Florida Natural Areas Inventory, taxa listed as Critically Imperiled (S1) or Imperiled (S2) in Florida

³ The Institute for Regional Conservation, taxa listed as Critically Imperiled (SF1) or Imperiled (SF2) in southern Florida

Table 12:
Comprehensive Plant List of Five Properties in the
Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area

N = Native to the Site, E = Exotic to the Site

<u>Species</u>	<u>Big Torch</u>	<u>Key Largo Ansama</u>	<u>Key Largo Brown</u>	<u>Little Knock. Franklin & Zuchero</u>	<u>Little Knock. 1844, 1845, 1867</u>
<i>Abildgaardia ovata</i>	N			N	
<i>Acacia pinetorum</i>	N				
<i>Acanthocereus tetragonus</i>				N	
<i>Agalinis fasciculata</i>	N				
<i>Agave sisalana</i>	E				E
<i>Alternanthera flavescent</i>				N	
<i>Amyris elemifera</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Andropogon glomeratus</i> var. <i>pumilus</i>	N			N	
<i>Ardisia escallonioides</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Aristida purpurascens</i> var. <i>tenuispica</i>	N				
<i>Aster bracei</i>	N				
<i>Atriplex pentandra</i>				N	
<i>Avicennia germinans</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Batis maritima</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Bidens alba</i> var. <i>radiata</i>	N		N		
<i>Blutaparon vermiculare</i>	N		N		
<i>Borrichia arborescens</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Borrichia frutescens</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Bourreria succulenta</i>			N	N	N
<i>Bursera simaruba</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Byrsonima lucida</i>	N			N	N
<i>Calyptanthes pallens</i>	N			N	N
<i>Canella winterana</i>		N	N	N	N
<i>Capparis cynophallophora</i>			N		
<i>Capparis flexuosa</i>		N	N	N	
<i>Cardiospermum corindum</i>		N			
<i>Carica papaya</i>				E	
<i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>	E			E	
<i>Catharanthus roseus</i>		E			
<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>				N	
<i>Chamaesyce blodgettii</i>	N		N		
<i>Chamaesyce garberi</i>	N				
<i>Chamaesyce hirta</i>				N	
<i>Chamaesyce hypericifolia</i>		N	N		
<i>Chamaesyce mesembrianthemifolia</i>	N				
<i>Chamaesyce ophthalmica</i>		N			

<u>Species</u>	<u>Big Torch</u>	<u>Key Largo Ansama</u>	<u>Key Largo Brown</u>	<u>Little Knock. Franklin & Zuchero</u>	<u>Little Knock. 1844, 1845 , 1867</u>
<i>Chamaesyce porteriana</i>				N	
<i>Chiococca alba</i>		N	N		
<i>Chiococca parvifolia</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Chrysophyllum oliviforme</i>		N			
<i>Cladium jamaicense</i>	N			N	N
<i>Coccocoba diversifolia</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Coccocoba uvifera</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Coccothrinax argentata</i>	N				N
<i>Cocos nucifera</i>					E
<i>Conocarpus erectus</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Corchorus siliquosus</i>		N			
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Cynanchum angustifolium</i>	N		N		
<i>Cynanchum northropiae</i>			N		
<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	E		E		
<i>Desmanthus virgatus</i>		N			
<i>Drypetes diversifolia</i>	N				N
<i>Echites umbellata</i>		N	N		N
<i>Eleusine indica</i>			E		
<i>Encyclia tampensis</i>	N				
<i>Eragrostis elliottii</i>	N				
<i>Erithalis fruticosa</i>	N			N	N
<i>Ernodea littoralis</i>	N			N	N
<i>Eugenia axillaris</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Eugenia foetida</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Eustachys petraea</i>	N				
<i>Eustoma exaltatum</i>	N				
<i>Exothea paniculata</i>		N	N	N	N
<i>Ficus aurea</i>	N	N			N
<i>Ficus citrifolia</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Fimbristylis cymosa</i>	E		E		
<i>Fimbristylis spadicea</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Flaveria linearis</i>	N				
<i>Galactia striata</i>		N	N		
<i>Galactia volubilis</i>		N			
<i>Genipa clusiifolia</i>					N
<i>Gouania lupuloides</i>		N			
<i>Guapira discolor</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Guettarda elliptica</i>		N			
<i>Guettarda scabra</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Gyminda latifolia</i>					N
<i>Gymnanthes lucida</i>		N	N		
<i>Hamelia patens</i>		N			
<i>Harrisia simpsonii</i>			N		
<i>Heliotropium angiospermum</i>		N			

<u>Species</u>	<u>Big Torch</u>	<u>Key Largo Ansama</u>	<u>Key Largo Brown</u>	<u>Little Knock. Franklin & Zuchero</u>	<u>Little Knock. 1844, 1845 , 1867</u>
<i>Heliotropium curassavicum</i>			N		
<i>Herissantia crispa</i>		N	N		
<i>Ipomoea indica</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>		N	N		
<i>Jacquinia keyensis</i>				N	N
<i>Krugiodendron ferreum</i>	N		N		
<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Lantana involucrata</i>		N			
<i>Lasiacis divaricata</i>		N			
<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>		E	E		
<i>Limonium carolinianum</i>			N	N	N
<i>Linum arenicola</i>					
<i>Lycium carolinianum</i>	N		N	N	
<i>Lysiloma latisiliquum</i>		N	N		
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>	N			N	N
<i>Manilkara zapota</i>		E		E	
<i>Maytenus phyllanthoides</i>			N		
<i>Merremia dissecta</i>		E			
<i>Metopium toxiferum</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Monanthochloe littoralis</i>	N			N	N
<i>Morinda royoc</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Myrica cerifera</i>				N	
<i>Nephrolepis multiflora</i>	E				
<i>Oeceoclades maculata</i>	E	E			E
<i>Opuntia stricta</i>			N		
<i>Panicum maximum</i>		E	E		
<i>Panicum virgatum</i>	N				
<i>Paspalum caespitosum</i>	N	N	N	N	
<i>Paspalum setaceum</i>		N			
<i>Passiflora multiflora</i>		N	N		
<i>Passiflora suberosa</i>		N	N		
<i>Pectis glaucescens</i>		N			
<i>Pentalinon luteum</i>	N			N	N
<i>Phlebodium aureum</i>	N				
<i>Phoenix reclinata</i>	E				
<i>Phyla nodiflora</i>	N				
<i>Piscidia piscipula</i>	N	N	N	N	N
<i>Pisonia aculeata</i>		N	N		
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>	N	N	N		N
<i>Pithecellobium unguis-cati</i>		N	N		
<i>Pluchea carolinensis</i>	N				
<i>Poinsettia cyathophora</i>		N	N		
<i>Polygala grandiflora</i>	N		N		
<i>Polypremum procumbens</i>	N				
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>			N		
<i>Portulaca rubricaulis</i>			N		

<u>Species</u>	<u>Big Torch</u>	<u>Key Largo Ansama</u>	<u>Key Largo Brown</u>	<u>Little Knock. Franklin & Zuchero</u>	<u>Little Knock. 1844, 1845 , 1867</u>
<i>Psidium longipes</i>	N			N	N
<i>Psychotria nervosa</i>		N	N		
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> var. <i>caudatum</i>				N	
<i>Randia aculeata</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Rapanea punctata</i>	N			N	N
<i>Rayjacksonia phyllocephala</i>	N				
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Rhizophora mangle</i>	N			N	N
<i>Rhynchelytrum repens</i>		E	E		
<i>Rhynchosia minima</i>			N		
<i>Rhynchosia swartzii</i>		N			
<i>Rhynchospora floridensis</i>	N			N	
<i>Sabal palmetto</i>				N	N
<i>Sabatia stellaris</i>				N	
<i>Salicornia bigelovii</i>	N		N		N
<i>Salicornia perennis</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Sansevieria hyacinthoides</i>		E			
<i>Savia bahamensis</i>				N	
<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	E	E	E		
<i>Schizachyrium gracile</i>	N				
<i>Schizachyrium sanguineum</i>	N				
<i>Serenoa repens</i>	N				
<i>Sesuvium portulacastrum</i>			N		
<i>Setaria parviflora</i>			N		
<i>Sida acuta</i>			N		
<i>Sida ciliaris</i>	N				
<i>Sideroxylon celastrinum</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Sideroxylon salicifolium</i>		N			N
<i>Simarouba glauca</i>				N	N
<i>Solanum americanum</i>			N		
<i>Solanum erianthum</i>			N		
<i>Solanum verbascifolium</i>	N				
<i>Sophora tomentosa</i> var. <i>truncata</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Spartina patens</i>			N		
<i>Spartina spartinae</i>	N		N		
<i>Spermacoce verticillata</i>	E				
<i>Sporobolus domingensis</i>	N		N		
<i>Sporobolus indicus</i> var. <i>pyramidalis</i>		E			
<i>Sporobolus virginicus</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i>	N		N		
<i>Stenotaphrum secundatum</i>		E			
<i>Stylosanthes hamata</i>		N			
<i>Suaeda linearis</i>			N		
<i>Suriana maritima</i>	N			N	N
<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>		N	N		

<u>Species</u>	<u>Big Torch</u>	<u>Key Largo Ansama</u>	<u>Key Largo Brown</u>	<u>Little Knock. Franklin & Zuchero</u>	<u>Little Knock. 1844, 1845 , 1867</u>
<i>Thespesia populnea</i>			E		
<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>	N			N	N
<i>Thrinax radiata</i>	N			N	
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Tillandsia paucifolia</i>	N		N	N	N
<i>Tillandsia recurvata</i>			N		
<i>Tillandsia usneoides</i>			N		
<i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>	N		N	N	
<i>Tournefortia volubilis</i>		N	N		N
<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>					N
<i>Trema micranthum</i>		N			
<i>Typha domingensis</i>					N
<i>Urochloa subquadripara</i>			N		
<i>Vitis rotundifolia</i>		N	N		
<i>Waltheria indica</i>	N	N			
<i>Ximenia americana</i>	N		N	N	
<i>Zanthoxylum fagara</i>		N	N		N

Table 13:
Rare Plants of Five Properties in the
Florida Keys Wildlife & Environmental Area

Species	Federal	State	FNAI	IRC
<i>Acanthocereus tetragonus</i>		T		
<i>Bourreria succulenta</i>		E		
<i>Byrsonima lucida</i>		T		
<i>Calyptranthes pallens</i>		T		
<i>Canella winterana</i>		E	S2	
<i>Chamaesyce garberi</i>	T	E	S1	SF2
<i>Chamaesyce porteriiana</i>		E	S2	
<i>Chrysophyllum oliviforme</i>		T		
<i>Coccothrinax argentata</i>		T		
<i>Crossopetalum rhacoma</i>		T		
<i>Drypetes diversifolia</i>		E	S2	SF2
<i>Eriothalis fruticosa</i>		T		
<i>Gyminda latifolia</i>		E	S2	SF2
<i>Harrisia simpsonii</i>		E	S2	SF2
<i>Jacquinia keyensis</i>		T		
<i>Linum arenicola</i>		E	S1S2	SF2
<i>Manilkara jaimiqui</i> subsp. <i>emarginata</i>		T		
<i>Maytenus phyllanthoides</i>		T		
<i>Opuntia stricta</i>		T		
<i>Passiflora multiflora</i>		E	S1	SF2
<i>Pithecellobium keyense</i>		T		
<i>Psidium longipes</i>		T	S2	
<i>Reynosia septentrionalis</i>		T		
<i>Rhynchosia swartzii</i>		E		SF1
<i>Rhynchospora floridensis</i>			S2	
<i>Savia bahamensis</i>		E	S2	SF2
<i>Solanum verbascifolium</i>		T		
<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>		T		
<i>Thrinax morrisii</i>		E		
<i>Thrinax radiata</i>		E	S2	
<i>Tillandsia flexuosa</i>		T		
<i>Tillandsia utriculata</i>		E		
